* Answers to page 365 #2-17

 $x=8\sqrt{2}$

 $x = 11\sqrt{2}$

an acute angle. 2. Write the angles of 3. Write the sides of ΔKLM in order from $\triangle DEF$ in order from shortest to longest. smallest to largest. $\angle L$, $\angle K$, $\angle M$ EF, DE, DF Tell whether a triangle can have sides with the given lengths. Explain. 16, 14, 16 10.5 + 8.3 > 18.8 5. $4s, s + 10, s^2$, when s = 44. 8.3, 10.5, 18.8 NO 6. The distance from Kara's school to the theater is 9 km. The distance from her school 16+14>16 to the zoo is 16 km. If the three locations form a triangle, what is the range of distances from the theater to the zoo? greater than 7 km and less than 25 km 16+16 >14 **O** Inequalities in Two Triangles 14+16 > 16 7. Compare PR and SV. 8. Compare m∠KJL and 9. Find the range of m∠MJL. values for x. 4x - 13102 PR > SV $m \angle \mathit{KJL} < m \angle \mathit{MJL}$ 3.25 < x < 7The Pythagorean Theorem 10. Find the value of x. 11. Find the missing side length. 2/10 Give the answer in Tell if the side lengths form a simplest radical form. Pythagorean triple. Explain. $\sqrt{106}$ 12. Tell if the measures 10, 12, and 16 can be the side lengths of a triangle. If so, classify the triangle as acute, obtuse, or right. triangle; obtuse 80 ft 13. A landscaper wants to place a stone walkway from one corner of the rectangular lawn to the opposite corner. What will be the length of **ั**พ์ล่เห็พล์ขึ 50 ft the walkway? Round to the nearest inch. 94 ft 4 in. Applying Special Right Triangles 14. A yield sign is an equilateral triangle with a side length of 36 inches. 36 in. What is the height \hat{h} of the sign? Round to the nearest inch. 31 in. Find the values of the variables. Give your answers in simplest radical form. VIELD

x = 5; y = 10

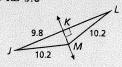
Ready to Go On?

36

CHAPTER

Find each measure.

1. KL 9.8

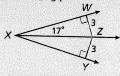


4. \overline{MQ} , \overline{NQ} , and \overline{PQ} are the perpendicular bisectors of $\triangle RST$. Find RS and RQ.

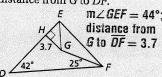


RS = 6.8; RQ = 4.9

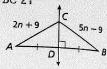
2. m∠WXY 34°



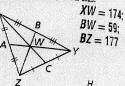
5. \overline{EG} and \overline{FG} are angle bisectors of $\triangle DEF$. Find m∠GEF and the distance from G to \overline{DF} .



3. BC 21



6. In $\triangle XYZ$, XC = 261, and ZW = 118. Find XW, BW, and BZ.



- 7. Find the orthocenter of $\triangle JKL$ with vertices J(-5, 2), K(-5, 10), and L(1, 4). (-3, 4)
- 8. In $\triangle GHJ$ at right, find PR, GJ, and $m\angle GRP$. PR = 51; GJ = 148; $m\angle GRP$ = 71°
- 9. Write an indirect proof that two obtuse angles cannot form a linear pair.
- (10.)Write the angles of △BEH in order from 1.5 smallest to largest. $\angle E$, $\angle B$, $\angle H$



11. Write the sides of $R \leftarrow$ $\triangle RTY$ in order from shortest to longest. TY, RY, RT



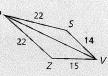
12. The distance from Arville to Branton is 114 miles. The distance from Branton to Camford is 247 miles. If the three towns form a triangle, what is the range of distances from Arville to Camford?

7 133 mi Ld L 341 mi

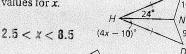
No ... not a whole #

13. Compare m∠SPV P and $m\angle ZPV$.





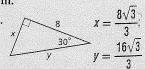
14. Find the range of values for x.



- 15. Find the missing side length in the triangle. Tell if the side lengths form a Pythagorean triple. Explain.
- 16. Tell if the measures 18, 20, and 27 can be the side lengths of a triangle. If so, classify the triangle as acute, obtuse, or right. Iriangle; obtuse
- 17. An IMAX screen is 62 feet tall and 82 feet wide. What is the length of the screen's diagonal? Round to the nearest inch. 102 ft 10 in.

Find the values of the variables. Give your answers in simplest radical form.

18.
$$20 x = 10\sqrt{2}$$



P9 368 # 37-62 369 Skip 42

- 37. BC, AC, AB
- 38. ZF, ZH, ZG
- 39. greater than 9 cm and less than 18 cm
- 40. Yes; possible answer: the sum of each pair of 2 lengths is greater than the third length.
- 41. No; possible answer: when z=5, the value of 3z is 15. So the 3 lengths are 5, 5, and 15. The sum of 5 and 5 is 10, which is not greater than 15. By the \triangle lnequality Thm., a \triangle cannot have these side lengths.
- **42.** Possible answer:

Given: △ABC

Prove: \(\triangle ABC\) cannot have 2

obtuse &. Proof: Assume that $\triangle ABC$ has 2 obtuse &. Let $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ be the obtuse &. By the def. of obtuse, $m\angle A > 90^\circ$ and $m\angle B > 90^\circ$. If the 2 inequalities are added, $m\angle A + m\angle B > 180^\circ$. However, by the \triangle Sum Thm., $m\angle A + m\angle B + m\angle C = 180^\circ$. So $m\angle A + m\angle B = 180^\circ - n\angle C$. But then $180^\circ - n\angle C > 180^\circ$ by subst., and thus $m\angle C < 0^\circ$ A \triangle cannot have an \angle with a measure less than 0° . So the assumption that $\triangle ABC$ has 2 obtuse & is false. Therefore a \triangle cannot have 2 obtuse &.

- 43. PS < RS
- 44. m∠BCA < m∠DCA
- 45. -1.4 < n < 3
- **46**. 2.75 < *n* < 12.5

Answers

 $47. x = 2\sqrt{10}$

48.
$$x = 2\sqrt{33}$$

- **49.** 6; the lengths do not form a Pythagorean triple because 4.5 and 7.5 are not whole numbers.
- 50. 40; the lengths do form a Pythagorean triple because they are nonzero whole numbers that satisfy the equation $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$.
- 51. triangle; obtuse
- 52. not a triangle
- 53. triangle; right
- 54. triangle; acute
- **55.** $x = 26\sqrt{2}$
- **56.** $x = 6\sqrt{2}$
- 57.x = 32
- 58. x = 24; $y = 24\sqrt{3}$
- **59**. $x = 6\sqrt{3}$; y = 12
- **60.** $x = \frac{14\sqrt{3}}{3}$; $y = \frac{28\sqrt{3}}{3}$
- 61. 21 ft 3 in.
- 62. 15 ft 7 in.